13.02



13.02 Producing sliding and fixed points via bulb-tite blind rivet

RV6604-6-6 are:

The fastening has to be confirmed in a static calculation. An analysis of the fastening of the FF2® or FF2 plus® panel utilizing bulb-tite blind rivets on the area of support yielded the following result:

The diameter of a rivet hole for a sliding point should continue to be limited to a diameter of \leq 7.0 mm due to the proper configuration of the bulb-tites during riveting. Required shifting due to thermal expansion between the riveted FF2® /FF2 plus® and FF3® panels and the bearing profile of V ~± 1.0 mm is possible at the permissible shearing stress of perm. S = 0.50 kN per rivet.

Note: Since the thickness for Novelis FF3® increases from 2.00 mm to 3.00 mm, the permissible stresses derived for the FF3® panels can also be used for proof for the FF3® panels. This does not alter the failure modes.

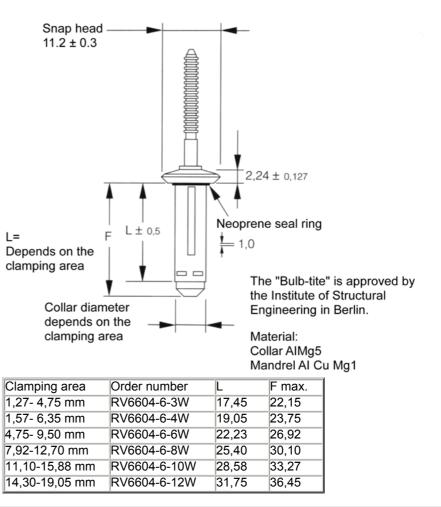
on shearing off:	perm. S = 0.50 kN
to traction:	perm. H = 0.34 kN
for edge intervals:a \leq 40 mm	
and	b ≥ 10mm
to traction:	perm. H = 0.50 kN
for edge intervals:a \leq 25 mm	
and	b ≥ 25mm
edge intervals:	a = FF2® /FF2 plus® and FF3® panel - constructional element 1

The permissible stresses of bulb-tite blind rivet types RV6604-6-4 and

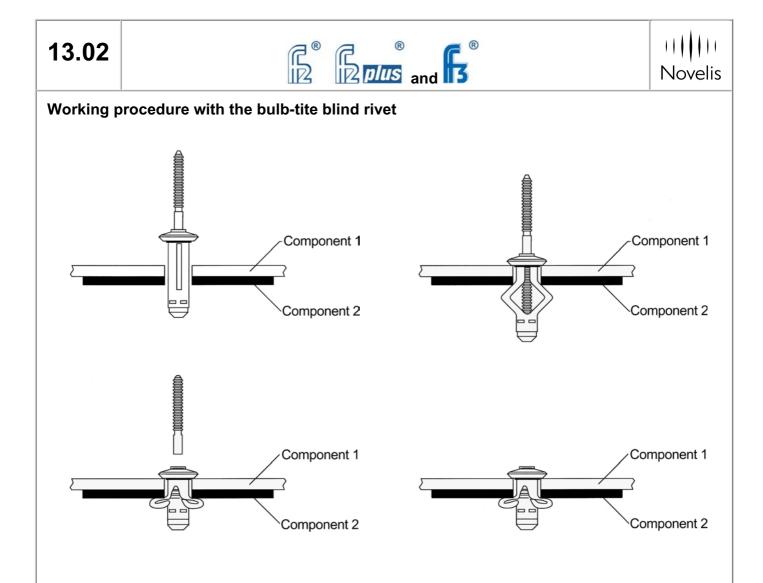
b = Support profile - constructional element 2 Important: The very least edge interval of the rivets from the plate edge of the

FF2® -, FF2 plus® and FF3® panel \leq 25 mm.

Blind rivets (Bulb-tite[®])



Novelis Deutschland GmbH - Werk Göttingen - Hannoversche Straße 1 - D-37075 Göttingen - Tel. (05 51) 3 04-0



A special mouthpiece is required for the bulb-tite blind rivet.

Component 1 = FF2® FF2 plus® /FF3®

Component 2 = Subconstruction

The rivet hole diameter for a fixed point should correspond to the diameter of the relevant type of bulbtite blind rivet.

A characteristic of the bulb-tite blind rivet is that the rivet always moves into the centre of the drilled hole so that it also permits a thermal expansion of the constructional element 1 of 1 mm while producing a sliding pint.